Ceramide turnover in GtoPdb v.2023.1

Anthony H. Futerman¹

1. Weizmann Institute of Science, Israel

Abstract

Ceramides are a family of sphingophospholipids synthesized in the endoplasmic reticulum, which mediate cell stress responses, including apoptosis, autophagy and senescence. Serine palmitoyltransferase generates 3-ketosphinganine, which is reduced to dihydrosphingosine. N-Acylation allows the formation of dihydroceramides, which are subsequently reduced to form ceramides. Once synthesized, ceramides are trafficked from the ER to the Golgi bound to the ceramide transfer protein, CERT (COL4A3BP, Q9Y5P4). Ceramide can be metabolized via multiple routes, ensuring tight regulation of its cellular levels. Addition of phosphocholine generates sphingomyelin while carbohydrate is added to form glucosyl- or galactosylceramides. Ceramidase re-forms sphingosine or sphinganine from ceramide or dihydroceramide. Phosphorylation of ceramide generates ceramide phosphate. The determination of accurate kinetic parameters for many of the enzymes in the sphingolipid metabolic pathway is complicated by the lipophilic nature of the substrates.

Contents

This is a citation summary for Ceramide turnover in the Guide to Pharmacology database (GtoPdb). It exists purely as an adjunct to the database to facilitate the recognition of citations to and from the database by citation analyzers. Readers will almost certainly want to visit the relevant sections of the database which are given here under database links.

GtoPdb is an expert-driven guide to pharmacological targets and the substances that act on them. GtoPdb is a reference work which is most usefully represented as an on-line database. As in any publication this work should be appropriately cited, and the papers it cites should also be recognized. This document provides a citation for the relevant parts of the database, and also provides a reference list for the research cited by those parts. For further details see [4].

Please note that the database version for the citations given in GtoPdb are to the most recent preceding version in which the family or its subfamilies and targets were substantially changed. The links below are to the current version. If you need to consult the cited version, rather than the most recent version, please contact the GtoPdb curators.

Database links

Ceramide turnover
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=767

Serine palmitoyltransferase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=788

Enzymes
SPT1(serine palmitoyltransferase long chain base subunit 1)
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2509
SPT2 (serine palmitoyltransferase long chain base subunit 2)
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2510

SPT3 (serine palmitoyltransferase long chain base subunit 3)
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2511

SPTSSA (serine palmitoyltransferase small subunit A)
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2512

SPTSSB (serine palmitoyltransferase small subunit B)
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2513

3-ketodihydrosphingosine reductase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=791

Enzymes
3-ketodihydrosphingosine reductase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2463

Ceramide synthase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=789

Enzymes
CERS1 (ceramide synthase 1)
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2474

CERS2 (ceramide synthase 2)
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2475

CERS3 (ceramide synthase 3)
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2476

CERS4 (ceramide synthase 4)
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2477

CERS5 (ceramide synthase 5)
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CERS6 (ceramide synthase 6)
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2479

Sphingolipid Δ⁴-desaturase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=790

Enzymes
delta 4-desaturase, sphingolipid 1
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2484
delta 4-desaturase, sphingolipid 2
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2485

Sphingomyelin synthase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=774

Introduction to Sphingomyelin synthase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyIntroductionForward?familyId=774

Enzymes
sphingomyelin synthase 1
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2520

sphingomyelin synthase 2
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2521

sterile alpha motif domain containing 8
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2525

Sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=773

Enzymes
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https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2514

sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase 2
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2515

sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase 3
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2516
sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase 4
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sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase acid-like 3A
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2518
sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase acid-like 3B
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Neutral sphingomyelinase coupling factors
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embryonic ectoderm development
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neutral sphingomyelinase activation associated factor
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2495

Ceramide glucosyltransferase
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UDP-glucose ceramide glucosyltransferase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2528

Acid ceramidase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=769

Enzymes
N-acylsphingosine amidohydrolase 1
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2491

Neutral ceramidas
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=770

Enzymes
N-acylsphingosine amidohydrolase 2
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2492
N-acylsphingosine amidohydrolase 2B
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2493

Alkaline ceramidas
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=768

Enzymes
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Ceramide kinase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/FamilyDisplayForward?familyId=771

Enzymes
ceramide kinase
https://www.guidetopharmacology.org/GRAC/ObjectDisplayForward?objectId=2473

References


40. Tani M and Kuge O. (2009) Sphingomyelin synthase 2 is palmitoylated at the COOH-terminal tail, which
is involved in its localization in plasma membranes. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun* **381**: 328-32 [PMID:19233134]


